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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

SERVICE AND REGULATORY ANNOUNCEMENTS

BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY

JUNE 1939

[This publication is issued monthly for the dissemination of information, instructions, rulings, etc., concerning the work of the Bureau of Animal Industry. Free distribution is limited to persons in the service of the Bureau, establishments at which the Federal meat inspection is conducted, public officers whose duties make it desirable for them to have such information, and journals especially concerned. Others desiring copies may obtain them from the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office Washington, D. C., at 5 cents each, or 25 cents a year (foreign, 60 cents). A supply will be sent to each official in charge of a station or branch of the Bureau service, who should promptly distribute copies to members of his force. A file should be kept at each station for reference.]

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CHANGES IN DIRECTORY

Meat Inspection Granted

- ‡218. Pork Skin Chips Co., Inc., 2005 Wall Street, Dallas, Tex.
- ‡447. Bullock Products Co., 22 Fort Street NE., Atlanta, Ga.

Meat Inspection Withdrawn

- 2-GG. Armour & Co., 508 State Street, Elmira, N. Y.

Change of Name of Official Establishment

- 103. H. Graver Co., 851 Fulton Street, Chicago, Ill., instead of Rose Packing Co.

Change of Official in Charge

Dr. W. W. Boggie succeeds Dr. M. R. Clarkson as inspector in charge at Madison, Ind. (Dr. Clarkson was transferred to the meat inspection staff at Washington, D. C.)  
Dr. H. Sydnor Miller succeeds Dr. R. E. Brookbank (retired) as inspector in charge at Richmond, Va.

Change of Mail Address of Official in Charge

Dr. A. J. Creely, P. O. box 708, Nampa, Idaho (office, King's Packing Co.), instead of care King's Packing Co.

‡ No sealed cars.

## Station Discontinued

Twin Falls, Idaho, liver-fluke control.

## Note

Under Kansas City, Kans., add enforcement 28-hour law and quarantine regulations in the field, A. W. Eggen, 23 Federal Building.

## NOTICES REGARDING MEAT INSPECTION

## ANIMAL CASINGS FROM THE FRENCH PROTECTORATE OF MOROCCO

The effective date of the notice in Service and Regulatory Announcements of May 1939, prohibiting the importation of animal casings from the French Protectorate of Morocco except upon disinfection, is hereby extended until October 1, 1939.

## RECONDITIONING CANNED MEATS DAMAGED BY WATER

The Bureau has recently found it necessary to condemn a considerable quantity of canned meat and product which had been submerged in floodwater. Due to delay in rehandling, the cans had become badly rusted. To prevent recurrence of such a circumstance, as well as in keeping with good sanitary practice, hermetically sealed cans of meat or meat product which have been submerged in or wetted by water should be rehandled promptly, following the general procedure here outlined:

1. Separate and condemn all cans which show an extensive degree of rusting or corrosion, such as might materially weaken the tin, as well as any swollen, leaky, or otherwise suspicious cans.
2. Remove labels and wash the cans in warm soapy water, using a brush where necessary to remove rust, immerse in a solution of sodium or calcium hypochlorite, or other approved sterilizing solution, and rinse in fresh water and dry thoroughly.
3. After washing and drying, the cans may be relacquered, if necessary, and then relabeled with approved labels applicable to the product contained in them.
4. When more than one product is involved, the identity of each shall be maintained through separation, marking, or otherwise, throughout all stages of the rehandling operation, to insure correct labeling of the rehandled cans.

ANIMALS SLAUGHTERED UNDER FEDERAL MEAT INSPECTION, MAY 1939<sup>1</sup>

Station	Cattle	Calves	Sheep and lambs	Goats	Swine
Baltimore.....	7,790	2,017	1,745	-----	56,023
Chicago <sup>2</sup> .....	110,476	37,602	186,225	-----	389,077
Denver.....	11,199	1,466	26,871	-----	18,800
Kansas City.....	46,478	22,923	107,420	-----	148,884
New York <sup>3</sup> .....	42,331	71,248	254,495	-----	189,627
Omaha.....	66,056	5,572	112,219	-----	115,050
St. Louis <sup>4</sup> .....	38,815	44,198	51,929	-----	279,227
Sioux City.....	37,098	1,242	42,732	-----	72,366
South St. Paul <sup>5</sup> .....	64,462	46,745	19,435	-----	150,736
All other stations.....	388,919	275,994	589,027	58	1,995,850
Total:					
May 1939.....	813,624	509,007	1,392,098	58	3,415,701
May 1938.....	772,331	499,675	1,550,041	481	2,584,720
11 months ended—					
May 1939.....	8,762,975	4,935,053	16,102,781	3,865	35,471,439
May 1938.....	9,158,488	5,365,932	16,191,022	8,684	29,920,457

<sup>1</sup> Horses slaughtered:

May 1939.....	1,437
May 1938.....	529
11 months ended—	
May 1939.....	26,640
May 1938.....	15,004

<sup>2</sup> Includes Elburn, Ill.

<sup>3</sup> Includes Jersey City and Newark, N. J.

<sup>4</sup> Includes National Stock Yards and East St. Louis, Ill.

<sup>5</sup> Includes Newport and St. Paul, Minn.



# MEAT AND MEAT FOOD PRODUCTS PREPARED AND PROCESSED UNDER FEDERAL MEAT INSPECTION, MAY 1939

Product	Quantity	Product	Quantity
Meat placed in cure:	<i>Pounds</i>	Canned meat and meat food products—Continued.	<i>Pounds</i>
Beef.....	10,034,420	Sausage.....	3,008,516
Pork.....	228,773,596	Soup.....	23,298,835
Smoked and/or dried:		All other.....	5,868,166
Beef.....	4,812,361	Bacon, sliced.....	23,214,142
Pork.....	134,190,890	Lard:	
Sausage:		Rendered.....	105,664,599
Fresh, finished.....	8,139,021	Refined.....	78,295,732
Smoked and/or cooked.....	53,621,708	Oleo stock.....	9,779,335
To be dried or semidried.....	9,915,311	Edible tallow.....	6,652,892
Loaf, headcheese, chili con carne, jellied products, etc.....	9,445,041	Compound containing animal fat.....	21,159,849
Cooked meat:		Oleomargarine containing animal fat.....	2,956,207
Beef.....	782,314	Miscellaneous.....	1,582,344
Pork.....	18,656,721		
Canned meat and meat food products:		Total.....	1,780,809,731
Beef.....	5,039,782		
Pork.....	15,917,949		

1 This figure represents "inspection pounds" as some of the products may have been inspected and recorded more than once due to having been subjected to more than one distinct processing treatment, such as curing first and then canning.

## MEAT AND MEAT FOOD PRODUCTS CERTIFIED FOR EXPORT, MAY 1939

Product	Quantity during—		Product	Quantity during—	
	May 1939	May 1938		May 1939	May 1938
Beef and veal:	<i>Pounds</i>	<i>Pounds</i>	Pork—Continued.	<i>Pounds</i>	<i>Pounds</i>
Fresh.....	138,166	193,252	Smoked.....	235,448	270,992
Cured.....	578,123	503,370	Canned.....	901,116	606,806
Smoked.....	137	476	Edible organs—		
Canned.....	176,507	187,536	Fresh.....	710,862	652,627
Edible organs—			Cured.....	47,290	19,040
Fresh.....	441,460	418,621	Miscellaneous.....	16,474	37,103
Cured.....	5,289	151	Sausage.....	387,250	165,820
Miscellaneous.....	61,236	65,766	Lard.....	25,916,287	20,140,761
Lamb and mutton:			Compound (lard substitute).....	17,988	4,360
Fresh.....	7,369	4,753	Oleo stock.....	483,895	267,525
Canned.....	58,321	16,486	Oleo oil.....	476,288	827,968
Edible organs—			Oleostearin.....		3,530
Fresh.....	184,430	257,586	Oleomargarine.....	2,612	1,328
Miscellaneous.....		1,653			
Pork:			Total.....	40,826,003	32,239,224
Fresh.....	2,030,323	455,166	Horse meat.....	221,230	59,410
Cured.....	7,949,132	7,236,548			

# **FOOD ANIMALS AND MEAT AND MEAT FOOD PRODUCTS INSPECTED WHEN OFFERED FOR IMPORTATION, MAY 1939**

## *Food animals passed for entry*

Country of origin	Cattle	Swine	Sheep	Goats
Mexico.....	16, 710	-----	3, 003	-----
Canada.....	33, 269	7	39	2
Channel Islands.....	94	-----	-----	-----
Virgin Islands (to Puerto Rico).....	115	3	-----	-----
Total:				
May 1939.....	50, 188	10	3, 042	2
May 1938.....	39, 571	45	2, 283	2
11 months ended—				
May 1939.....	656, 591	238	7, 747	43
May 1938.....	422, 707	28, 328	8, 480	91

## *Meat and meat food products passed for entry*

Country of origin	Chilled and frozen fresh meat			Cured meat	Canned meat	Sausage (not canned)	Other product	Total
	Beef and veal	Mutton and lamb	Pork					
	<i>Pounds</i>	<i>Pounds</i>	<i>Pounds</i>	<i>Pounds</i>	<i>Pounds</i>	<i>Pounds</i>	<i>Pounds</i>	<i>Pounds</i>
Argentina.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	3, 448, 751	-----	116, 816	3, 565, 567
Australia.....	1, 090	-----	-----	-----	5	-----	76	1, 171
Belgium.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	54	-----	-----	54
Brazil.....	-----	-----	-----	56, 702	4, 825, 045	-----	58, 125	4, 939, 872
Bulgaria.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	10, 051	-----	-----	10, 051
Canada.....	80, 195	-----	253, 455	41, 582	562	7, 482	335, 301	718, 577
Chile.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	110	110
Cuba.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	1, 215	-----	-----	1, 215
Denmark.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	108, 602	948	2, 849	112, 399
Estonia.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	53, 524	-----	-----	53, 524
Finland.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	935	-----	-----	935
France.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	246	-----	11, 310	11, 556
Germany.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	705	-----	-----	705
Great Britain.....	-----	-----	-----	122	92	-----	4, 070	4, 284
Hungary.....	-----	-----	-----	200	606, 443	1, 805	-----	608, 448
Iceland.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	771	771
Ireland.....	-----	-----	-----	5, 439	-----	-----	-----	5, 439
Italy.....	-----	-----	-----	1, 962	109	42, 255	-----	44, 326
Japan.....	-----	-----	-----	1, 296	946	-----	-----	2, 242
Latvia.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	90, 988	-----	-----	90, 988
Lithuania.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	43, 912	-----	-----	43, 912
Netherlands.....	-----	-----	-----	2, 907	2, 943	-----	4, 127	9, 977
New Zealand.....	197, 234	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	2, 684	199, 918
Norway.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	3, 410	-----	331	3, 741
Paraguay.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	445, 370	-----	-----	445, 370
Poland.....	-----	-----	-----	121, 004	3, 817, 749	1, 486	-----	3, 940, 239
Rumania.....	-----	-----	-----	18, 648	115, 335	-----	-----	133, 983
Russia.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	1, 766	-----	1, 766
Spain.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	1, 124	-----	-----	1, 124
Switzerland.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	33	17, 331	17, 364
Uruguay.....	-----	-----	-----	62, 528	1, 620, 186	-----	-----	1, 682, 714
Total.....	278, 519	-----	253, 455	312, 390	15, 198, 302	55, 775	553, 901	16, 652, 342

Condemned: Canned beef, 169 pounds; fresh veal, 85 pounds; canned pork, 550 pounds; sausage, 4,598 pounds; miscellaneous, 17 pounds; total, 5,419 pounds. Refused entry: Canned beef, 33,126 pounds; canned pork, 2,231 pounds; miscellaneous, 11 pounds; total, 35,368 pounds.



# SUMMARY OF TUBERCULOSIS-ERADICATION WORK IN COOPERATION WITH STATES, MAY 1939

State or Territory	Tuberculin tests during month		Total to date <sup>1</sup>			Inspector in charge	State official
	Cattle tested	Cattle re-acted	Once tested-free herds	Ac-credited herds	Herds under supervision		
Alabama.....	3,930	0	270,875	368	271,243	R. E. Jackson.....	I. S. McAdory, Auburn.
Arizona.....	12,579	9	12,236	8	12,593	F. L. Schneider.....	T. B. Jones, Phoenix.
Arkansas.....	1,020	0	230,849	5	230,854	A. W. Rice.....	C. D. Stubbs, Little Rock.
California.....	111,734	1,499	77,695	22	78,086	W. E. Howe.....	C. U. Duckworth, Sacramento.
Colorado.....	2,826	12	60,611	30	60,846	A. H. Francis.....	R. M. Gow, Denver.
Connecticut.....	21,516	50	524	16,897	18,328	R. L. Smith.....	E. R. Dimock, Hartford.
Delaware.....	2,618	15	2,200	2,108	4,338	O. L. Lockwood.....	Harry McDaniel, Jr., Dover.
District of Columbia.....	0	0	15	2	17	A. E. Wight.....	
Florida.....	6,270	24	40,281	69	67,656	T. H. Applewhite.....	J. V. Knapp, Tallahassee.
Georgia.....	1,624	1	242,110	29	242,210	W. C. Dendinger.....	J. M. Sutton, Atlanta.
Idaho.....	2,660	7	21,088	28	51,270	A. K. Kuttler.....	E. T. Powell, Boise.
Illinois.....	85,602	230	232,395	666	242,621	J. J. Lintner.....	J. P. Stout, Springfield.
Indiana.....	16,945	123	147,750	1,281	149,750	H. Busman.....	J. L. Axby, Indianapolis.
Iowa.....	70,024	350	169,000	744	196,600	J. A. Barger.....	H. A. Seidell, Des Moines.
Kansas.....	8,212	68	170,338	249	171,032	N. L. Townsend.....	W. J. Miller, Topeka.
Kentucky.....	3,620	1	163,647	24	163,867	Ralph Graham.....	D. E. Westmorland, Frankfort.
Louisiana.....	15,655	47	148,763	-----	148,804	W. A. McDonald.....	E. P. Flower, Baton Rouge.
Maine.....	4,743	2	43,387	352	43,817	A. L. Hirleman.....	H. M. Tucker, Augusta.
Maryland.....	20,840	51	25,725	13,459	39,323	O. L. Lockwood.....	Mark Welsh, Baltimore.
Massachusetts.....	21,192	87	13,929	11,271	25,347	E. A. Crossman.....	Mark Galusha, Boston.
Michigan.....	28,713	41	206,904	66	207,087	C. H. Hays.....	C. H. Clark, Lansing.
Minnesota.....	77,961	238	199,221	522	200,023	W. J. Fretz.....	C. E. Cotton, St. Paul.
Mississippi.....	11,099	19	260,164	3	260,239	H. Robbins.....	E. S. Brashier, Jackson.
Missouri.....	1,927	0	237,705	82	239,591	W. F. Biles.....	H. E. Curry, Jefferson City.
Montana.....	2,006	1	72,999	32	73,033	G. W. Cronen.....	W. J. Butler, Helena.
Nebraska.....	29,641	138	134,887	32	135,227	J. W. Murdoch.....	J. S. Anderson, Lincoln.
Nevada.....	1,157	1	3,417	2	3,441	R. A. Given.....	Edward Records, Reno.
New Hampshire.....	16,905	25	127	17,842	17,997	E. A. Crossman.....	R. W. Smith, Concord.
New Jersey.....	34,301	232	1,844	15,701	17,828	J. R. Porteus.....	R. A. Hendershott, Trenton.
New Mexico.....	3,338	5	22,104	17	25,450	F. L. Schneider.....	Sam McCue, Albuquerque.
New York.....	56,071	343	5,444	138,618	145,523	H. B. Leonard.....	E. T. Faulder, Albany.
North Carolina.....	3,913	0	256,170	463	256,633	A. A. Husman.....	William Moore, Raleigh.
North Dakota.....	31,648	58	91,928	238	99,858	F. C. Driver.....	T. O. Brandenburg, Bismarck.
Ohio.....	30,727	78	249,238	451	249,969	A. J. DeFosset.....	F. L. Carr, Columbus.
Oklahoma.....	7,353	15	276,338	37	276,375	L. J. Allen.....	D. H. Ricks, Oklahoma City.
Oregon.....	11,664	43	159,432	1,850	161,291	S. B. Foster.....	W. H. Lytle, Salem.
Pennsylvania.....	5,081	11	141,790	7,648	170,081	J. B. Reidy.....	C. P. Bishop, Harrisburg.
Rhode Island.....	2,777	45	2,191	1,299	3,925	E. A. Crossman.....	G. W. Breed, Providence.
South Carolina.....	1,434	0	72,160	58	72,220	W. K. Lewis.....	W. K. Lewis, Columbia.
South Dakota.....	24,130	94	73,279	3	73,365	C. H. Fauks.....	R. S. Robinson, Pierre.
Tennessee.....	2,105	2	294,798	23	294,838	H. L. Fry.....	A. C. Topmiller, Nashville.
Texas.....	36,128	34	252,915	95	492,281	H. L. Darby.....	T. O. Booth, Fort Worth.
Utah.....	5,161	33	87,064	128	87,439	H. H. Cohenour.....	W. H. Hendricks, Salt Lake City.
Vermont.....	44,164	177	5,802	18,360	24,312	J. J. Staab.....	E. H. Jones, Montpelier.
Virginia.....	6,818	36	198,414	609	199,291	R. E. Brookbank.....	H. C. Givens, Richmond.
Washington.....	14,392	16	73,075	87	76,475	J. C. Exline.....	M. R. Hales, Olympia.
West Virginia.....	2,538	0	114,049	580	114,649	H. M. Newton.....	J. B. McLaughlin, Charleston.
Wisconsin.....	60,236	326	179,546	8,852	188,743	J. S. Healy.....	V. S. Larson, Madison.
Wyoming.....	735	0	3,483	3	4,095	W. A. Sullivan.....	H. D. Port, Cheyenne.
Hawaii.....	-----	-----	1,430	-----	1,430	Lewis Bilikam.....	E. H. Willers, Honolulu.
Puerto Rico.....	7,382	55	740	229	6,698	S. H. Still.....	F. A. Lopez Dominguez, San Juan.
Virgin Islands.....	-----	-----	277	-----	277	S. H. Still.....	G. C. Kendall, Christiansted.
Total.....	975,115	4,682	5,752,353	261,542	6,398,286		

<sup>1</sup> All States are 100 percent modified accredited except California, which has 49 counties (85 percent) in the modified accredited area. Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands are also in the modified accredited area.

# SUMMARY OF BANG'S DISEASE WORK IN COOPERATION WITH STATES, MAY 1939<sup>1</sup>

State or Territory	Agglutination blood tests completed during month		Results of agglutination blood tests during month					Herds under supervision	Cattle on waiting list
	Herds	Cattle	Herds containing infection	Total cattle in herds	Re-actors	Negative			
						Herds	Cattle		
Alabama	3,360	26,113	185	9,986	383	3,175	16,127	36,711	35,909
Arizona	30	463	1	87	1	29	376	1,956	1,000
Arkansas	7,573	36,279	400	5,225	445	7,173	31,054	161,840	10
California									
Colorado	314	5,537	38	1,377	91	276	4,160	1,138	1,557
Connecticut	29	923	2	31	7	27	892	235	
Delaware	317	3,612	76	932	155	241	2,680	4,252	1,987
Florida	1,273	39,055	183	20,297	416	1,090	18,758	13,106	
Georgia	5,443	17,004	328	4,563	501	5,115	12,441	54,717	68,056
Idaho	726	8,110	118	1,987	190	608	6,123	20,272	
Illinois	421	6,231	108	1,916	377	313	4,315	11,590	
Indiana	336	5,788	76	1,784	149	260	4,004	13,334	94
Iowa	442	8,124	200	4,673	690	242	3,451	20,190	38,149
Kansas								2,471	433
Kentucky	324	4,476	94	1,925	169	230	2,551	37,264	
Louisiana	20	763	10	350	15	10	413	46,911	78,605
Maine	102	2,428	29	740	78	73	1,688	2,422	
Maryland	514	7,862	113	2,478	243	401	5,384	16,770	33,527
Massachusetts	2	95	0	0	0	2	95	143	
Michigan	2,727	25,072	334	4,157	818	2,393	20,915	21,894	3,681
Minnesota	1,732	28,742	536	10,659	921	1,196	18,053	56,117	2,000
Mississippi	226	4,843	60	2,815	61	166	2,028	6,543	
Missouri	1,392	16,326	152	2,428	362	1,240	13,898	67,371	
Montana	104	1,575	30	701	81	74	874	9,107	180
Nebraska	14	439	6	347	15	8	92	4,521	1,796
Nevada	30	652	8	269	15	22	383	1,437	
New Hampshire	199	3,365	53	1,592	111	146	1,773	3,128	1,535
New Jersey	71	3,710	15	1,583	34	56	2,127	246	
New Mexico	148	2,154	11	448	26	137	1,706	6,790	2,500
New York	658	21,474	297	11,541	864	361	9,933	3,491	25,290
North Carolina	5,564	16,486	54	1,314	85	5,510	15,172	86,181	105,000
North Dakota	731	10,784	54	1,254	211	677	9,530	15,620	3,000
Ohio	714	7,012	49	753	110	665	6,259	43,096	1,350
Oklahoma	95	1,538	15	202	21	80	1,336	38,914	579,300
Oregon	3,029	28,110	173	6,481	595	2,856	21,629	64,270	
Pennsylvania	2,903	21,997	73	1,066	119	2,830	20,931	60,590	206,336
Rhode Island	8	331	1	21	6	7	310	121	
South Carolina	1,015	3,495	20	497	41	995	2,998	19,131	3,500
South Dakota	73	1,905	16	797	61	57	1,108	1,412	4,901
Tennessee	1,491	16,004	245	7,507	822	1,246	8,497	27,945	78,000
Texas	188	21,510	39	9,883	240	149	11,627	761	
Utah	424	2,919	87	1,185	173	337	1,734	22,538	
Vermont	78	2,786	29	866	118	49	1,920	220	1,105
Virginia	4,915	26,382	259	6,456	503	4,656	19,926	166,900	178,856
Washington	3,828	32,912	341	8,828	1,020	3,487	24,084	64,468	
West Virginia	2,297	14,782	203	4,271	663	2,094	10,511	39,795	
Wisconsin	3,310	79,182	471	12,759	1,478	2,839	66,423	59,167	55,360
Wyoming	93	1,149	8	125	12	85	1,024	2,093	3
Puerto Rico									
Total	59,283	570,499	5,600	159,156	13,496	53,683	411,343	1,339,207	1,512,922

<sup>1</sup> Officials in charge of Bang's disease work are the same as those listed in summary of tuberculosis-eradication work.

## BIOLOGICAL PRODUCTS PREPARED UNDER LICENSES, MAY 1939

### Anti-hog-cholera serum

Period	Preserved	Completed	Released	Destroyed
	Cc.	Cc.	Cc.	Cc.
May 1939	115,435,800	106,094,165	106,724,150	420,127
May 1938	69,707,467	65,806,696	89,152,715	229,922
11 months ended—				
May 1939	980,381,057	954,962,443	889,225,060	3,889,367
May 1938	663,461,671	664,537,352	678,206,115	2,347,603

## BIOLOGICAL PRODUCTS PREPARED UNDER LICENSES, MAY 1939

*Hog-cholera virus*

Period	Produced			Destroyed	
	Simultaneous	Hyperimmunizing	Inoculating	Simultaneous	Hyperimmunizing
May 1939.....	Cc. 11, 780, 042	Cc. 21, 177, 037	Cc. 88, 687	Cc. 390, 773	Cc. 988, 263
May 1938.....	8, 225, 512	13, 763, 080	63, 196	146, 990	493, 842
11 months ended—					
May 1939.....	60, 079, 526	196, 560, 544	717, 688	1, 941, 282	6, 803, 352
May 1938.....	48, 642, 193	129, 514, 463	502, 458	2, 191, 964	4, 185, 442

## INSPECTIONS AND TESTS IN THE PREPARATION OF BIOLOGICAL PRODUCTS UNDER LICENSES, MAY 1939

Period	Animal inspections	Animal rejections	Pigs inoculated	Hogs hypered	Tests supervised	
					Serum	Virus
May 1939.....	340, 774	4, 064	30, 345	16, 076	499	370
May 1938.....	211, 724	2, 532	18, 852	10, 483	314	251
11 months ended—						
May 1939.....	2, 784, 267	29, 915	231, 484	154, 225	3, 910	2, 039
May 1938.....	1, 843, 436	18, 752	157, 309	100, 610	2, 926	1, 724

## LICENSES ISSUED FOR BIOLOGICAL PRODUCTS, MAY 1939

License No. 6-A was issued May 29, 1939, to Pitman-Moore Co., Division of Allied Laboratories, Inc., near Zionsville, Ind. (mailing address, 1220 Madison Avenue, Indianapolis, Ind.), for encephalomyelitis vaccine (eastern and western types).

License No. 9 was issued May 18, 1939, to Lederle Laboratories, Inc., Middletown Road, Pearl River, N. Y., for encephalomyelitis vaccine (eastern and western types).

License No. 83 was issued May 25, 1939, to E. R. Squibb & Sons, Georges Road, New Brunswick, N. J., for encephalomyelitis vaccine (western type).

License No. 124 was issued May 18, 1939, to Anchor Serum Co., south of stockyards, South St. Joseph, Mo. (mailing address, Livestock Exchange Building, South St. Joseph, Mo.), for encephalomyelitis vaccine (western type).

## PERMIT ISSUED FOR BIOLOGICAL PRODUCT, MAY 1939

Special permit was issued May 11, 1939, to Lederle Laboratories, Inc., Pearl River, N. Y., to import through the port of New York one shipment of brains from cattle suspected of being affected with bovine encephalitis, material to be obtained from the Mexican Government.

## RESULTS OF PROSECUTIONS FOR VIOLATIONS OF LAWS

Penalties and fines have been imposed in prosecutions for violations of regulatory laws, as reported to the Bureau, as follows:

## Twenty-Eight Hour Law

Missouri Pacific Railroad Co., \$100 penalty.  
New York Central Railroad Co., \$100 penalty.  
St. Louis Southwestern Railway Co., \$100 penalty.

## Livestock Quarantine Law

John Morrell and Co., interstate shipment of cattle without tuberculin test (six cases), \$500 fines.

## Packers and Stockyards Act

The following fines have been assessed as the result of prosecutions for violations of title V of the Packers and Stockyards Act:

Kings Commission Co., New York, N. Y., fined \$50 on June 12, 1939, for failure to obtain a license.



Berriman Live Poultry Corporation, 44 Berriman Street, Brooklyn, N. Y., fined \$500 on June 20, 1939, for failure to obtain a license.

#### Meat Inspection Act

For offering uninspected meat for interstate shipment:

Milton Abrams, New York, N. Y., \$25 fine.

Lurier & Hutchinson, Inc., Worcester, Mass., \$25 fine.

Ferdinand C. Meyer, St. Louis, Mo., \$100 fine.

Joseph Montecalvo, Providence, R. I., \$20 fine.

National Beef Co., Hartford, Conn., \$50 fine.

For offering unwholesome meat for interstate shipment:

National Beef Co., Hartford, Conn., \$150 fine.

Sunnyside Beef & Veal Co., Providence, R. I., \$100 fine.

For unauthorized use of artificial casings bearing the marks of Federal inspection:

William Roblenski, Providence, R. I., \$25 fine.

#### PROCEEDINGS UNDER THE PACKERS AND STOCKYARDS ACT

*Docket No. 311.—In re L. B. Andrews Livestock Commission Co., et al., Kansas City, Mo.* On June 20, 1939, the Secretary of Agriculture signed an order in which he prescribed a schedule of commission rates for selling and buying livestock at the Kansas City stockyards which he found would have been reasonable for the agencies to have charged during the period from July 23, 1933, to November 1, 1937. In his order the Secretary stated that the rates found to be reasonable would afford a basis for the Federal district court to determine the appropriate disposition of funds impounded with the court during the period of litigation in this case, which amount to approximately \$600,000. The present order corrects defects which the Supreme Court found to exist in a previous order which resulted in a finding by the Court that the order was invalid.

*Dockets Nos. 553, 554, and 555.—In re New Jersey Coop Co., Inc., New York Live Poultry Trucking Co., Inc., and New York Coop Co., Inc., Hoboken, N. J.* On June 22, 1939, the Secretary of Agriculture issued an order denying a petition for modification of the previous orders prescribing reasonable rates for the furnishing of coops and the trucking of live poultry by respondents in the metropolitan area in New York. The Secretary further ordered that his previous orders in these cases, as modified, remain in full force and effect. The result of this action is to maintain a rental rate for coops of 65 cents each, which is the rate being charged at present by respondents for this service.

*Docket No. 1159.—In re Great Western Livestock Commission Co., Los Angeles, Calif.* The Acting Secretary of Agriculture on September 7, 1938, issued an inquiry alleging that respondent had engaged in and used an unfair and deceptive practice and device in violation of the Packers and Stockyards Act, in that it retained part of the proceeds derived from the sale of 102 head of cattle, purchased from A. J. Christensen, through B. C. Rogers, employed as its agent, at the agreed price of \$6,900.16; that the cattle were shipped in interstate commerce to respondent at Los Angeles, Calif.; and that respondent, although accepting the cattle, refused to pay the agreed purchase price and paid only \$3,000, leaving a balance of \$3,900.16. On May 25 Christensen filed a complaint seeking recovery of damages claimed by reason of the refusal of respondent to pay the balance of the purchase price of the cattle. A hearing was held on January 18, 1939. The examiner's report was served on respondent, to which exceptions were filed. From the evidence adduced in this case, the Secretary concluded that reparation should be awarded A. J. Christensen in the amount of the unpaid balance of the purchase price. Therefore, on June 26 respondent was ordered to pay the amount claimed with interest thereon at the rate of 6 percent per annum from April 25, 1938, until paid. Respondent was also ordered to cease and desist from engaging in the unfair and deceptive practice and device of retaining or appropriating the net proceeds, or any part thereof, derived from the sale of livestock which has been consigned to it for sale at a stockyard, and refusing to make good checks drawn in payment for such livestock by its authorized agents.

*Docket No. 1179.—In re Steffens & Mueller, Inc., vs. Frank's Poultry House, Chicago, Ill.* On November 14, 1938, Steffens & Mueller, Inc., filed an informal complaint against Frank's Poultry House, alleging that defendant owed the complainant at that time a balance on account of \$87.28 for live poultry purchased in February 1938. A copy of the complaint was served on defendant on November 23, but defendant failed to answer the complaint. On January 4, 1939, the Secretary directed that a hearing be held on January 6. At the hearing the

defendant admitted owing the account, but stated that he had filed a petition in bankruptcy and had listed in his petition the amount of complainant's claim. From the record made, it appears that the complaint should be dismissed for the reasons that the claim had been listed in the bankruptcy proceedings and that it was not filed with the Department within the 90-day period as required by the act. Therefore, on June 3 the case was dismissed.

*Docket No. 1196.—In re Vito Scarangella*, doing business as *Scarangella Chicken Market*, Brooklyn, N. Y. The Acting Secretary of Agriculture on February 16, 1939, ordered that a hearing be held to allow applicant an opportunity to show cause why his application for a license to buy, sell, and handle live poultry in commerce should not be denied. At the hearing held on April 18, Miss Palma Scarangella, a daughter of Vito Scarangella, appeared and testified and requested that the application of her father for a license be withdrawn and that there be considered in lieu thereof the application of Maria Scarangella. Upon a review of the record, it appears that Maria Scarangella, doing business as Scarangella Live Poultry, should be granted a license. Therefore, on June 3 she was granted a license under title V of the Packers and Stockyards Act.

*Docket No. 1198.—In re Main Live Poultry Market*, Newark, N. J. The Acting Secretary of Agriculture on February 16, 1939, ordered that a hearing be held to allow the applicant an opportunity to show cause why its application for a license to buy, sell, and handle live poultry in commerce should not be denied. A hearing was held on April 19. Upon a review of the record it appears that the applicant should be granted a license. Therefore, on June 3 the Main Live Poultry Market was granted a license under title V of the Packers and Stockyards Act.

*Docket No. 1199.—In re M. Arnold Hemp*, Lancaster, Pa. The Acting Secretary of Agriculture on February 21, 1939, issued an inquiry and notice of hearing alleging that respondent had violated the Packers and Stockyards Act in that it had used unfair, unjustly discriminatory, and deceptive practices and devices in connection with buying and selling livestock in commerce and had failed to furnish adequate bond coverage. Respondent acknowledged receipt of a copy of the inquiry and notice of hearing, but failed to file an answer. Therefore, a hearing was held on March 10. On April 17 respondent accepted service of a copy of the examiner's report, proposed findings of fact, and recommended order, and on May 1 filed a bond in the amount of \$2,000, which was accepted as a satisfactory bond coverage. On June 3 respondent was ordered to cease and desist from the unfair and deceptive practice and device of engaging in business as a market agency and dealer without executing and maintaining a bond or other satisfactory form of indemnity. It was further ordered that the registration of respondent as a market agency be suspended for a period of one year, and that respondent shall keep proper accounts, records, and memoranda pertaining to his transactions as a dealer.

*Docket No. 1202.—In re Arnold and Overstreet Livestock Commission Co.*, West Fort Smith, Okla. The Acting Secretary of Agriculture on March 1, 1939, issued an inquiry and notice of hearing under the Packers and Stockyards Act, alleging that respondents were insolvent, in that they were unable to pay their debts as they became due in the usual course of business; that they had made use of funds in their possession in such a way as to endanger the prompt and faithful accounting and payment for livestock received by them as a market agency; and that they had so handled the proceeds from the sale of such livestock as to cause them to be intermingled or confused with other accounts or funds of respondents. On April 14 respondents acknowledged receipt of the inquiry and notice of hearing, admitted the truth of the matters and things alleged, and waived a formal hearing thereon. On June 3 respondents were suspended from registration as a market agency for 6 months, with leave, however, to apply to a revocation of such suspension upon satisfactory proof to the Secretary that they are solvent. It was further ordered that respondents cease and desist from making such use or disposition of funds in their possession or control, as will endanger or impair prompt and faithful accounting for and payment of such portion thereof as may be due the owner or consignor of such livestock, or other person having an interest therein, and that they shall cease and desist from so handling funds to be intermingled or confused with their own accounts or funds.

*Docket No. 1204.—In re Nathan North vs. Garden Street Live Poultry Market, Inc.*, New York, N. Y. On January 19, 1939, Nathan North filed a complaint seeking reparation in the sum of \$2.70 against defendant. A hearing was held on April 19, at which time both parties were represented by counsel. At the close of the hearing the amount claimed as reparation was paid and counsel for both parties requested that the complaint be dismissed. Therefore, on June 3 the case was dismissed.



*Docket No. 1207.—In re Bloomfield Avenue Live Poultry Market, Belleville, N. J.* The Acting Secretary of Agriculture on March 29, 1939, ordered that a hearing be held to allow applicant an opportunity to show cause why its application for a license to buy, sell, and handle live poultry in commerce should not be denied. Such a hearing was held on April 18, and from the evidence adduced at that time it appears that applicant should be granted a license. Accordingly, on June 10 a license was granted to the Bloomfield Avenue Live Poultry Market, under title V of the Packers and Stockyards Act.

*Docket No. 1209.—In re Carcillor Live Poultry Market, Newark, N. J.* The Acting Secretary of Agriculture on March 31, 1939, issued a notice of hearing and order to show cause why the application for a license to buy, sell, and handle live poultry in commerce, made by applicant under title V of the Packers and Stockyards Act, 1921, should not be denied. Since filing the above-mentioned application, the applicant has discontinued handling live poultry. Therefore, on June 10 the case was dismissed.

#### Stockyards Posted

During the month of June 1939, the following stockyards were posted as coming within the jurisdiction of the Secretary of Agriculture under the Packers and Stockyards Act:

Greenville Stock Yards, Greenville, Miss., June 7.  
Ainsworth Sales Market, Ainsworth, Nebr., June 17.  
Bassett Livestock Sales Co., Bassett, Nebr., June 19.  
Atkinson Livestock Commission Co., Atkinson, Nebr., June 19.  
O'Neill Livestock Market, O'Neill, Nebr., June 20.

#### Stockyard Withdrawn From Jurisdiction

Montevideo Livestock Sales, Inc., located at Montevideo, Minn., was withdrawn from the jurisdiction of the Secretary on June 22, 1939.

### PERMITTED DIP FOR SCABIES

#### Distributor

Permission has been granted by the Department to Jensen-Salsbery Laboratories, Inc., Kansas City, Mo., to distribute Lariat Brand Cattle Dip for use in official dipping of sheep and cattle for scabies under the name "Jen-Sal Concentrated Lime & Sulphur Solution," in accordance with the provisions of B. A. I. Order 309. The dilutions at which this dip is permitted to be used are as follows:

For sheep, 1 gallon of concentrated solution to 20 $\frac{1}{4}$  gallons of water.

For cattle, 1 gallon of concentrated solution to 15 gallons of water.

### APPLICATIONS FOR SICK LEAVE

The attention of all employees is directed to the requirements of paragraph 14 of Department Regulation 2521 in the matter of submitting applications for sick leave.

When absence because of illness is for periods of 3 days or less, the applicant is required to sign the certificate on the reverse side of the application for leave (Form AD-17a) and state the reason as to why no physician was employed. A total of not more than 12 days' sick leave in any 1 calendar year in periods of 3 days or less may be granted upon the applicant's signed statement.

Applications for sick leave for periods of more than 3 days must be supported by a certificate of a registered practicing physician or other practitioner. The certificate on the lower half of the reverse side of Form AD-17a may be used, or a separate certificate on the attending physician's stationery and attached to the application for leave is acceptable. If a separate certificate is secured, it should include all information required by the certificate on the application for leave form.

### DEBT COMPLAINTS AGAINST EMPLOYEES

Department Regulation 1546 provides that although the Department will not permit itself to be used as a collection agency, it will not consider as a fit employee anyone who contracts a just debt and then without sufficient excuse neglects to make payment. It provides further that upon receipt of a complaint of non-payment of a debt, the complaint will be referred to the proper Chief of Bureau, who will obtain a report in writing from the employee concerned, which, together with a summary of the conclusions reached by the Chief of Bureau in the matter,



will be made a part of the official record and considered by the bureau committee on efficiency and promotions in making up the efficiency register. It also provides that the Chief of Bureau may recommend to the Secretary that charges be preferred against an employee who contracts a just debt and then without sufficient or reasonable cause, neglects or avoids payment thereof.

In some cases it has been determined that the employees concerned have submitted false or misleading information with respect to their indebtedness and ability to pay, and have been evading their responsibilities without justification, knowing that their salaries were not subject to attachment.

In cases where the amount involved is in dispute, it has been the policy of the Department not to attempt to render a decision as to the proper amount but to insist upon payment, in installments if necessary, of the amount which the employee admits is due from him. In cases where judgments have been secured, it has been the policy to insist that the employee arrange to satisfy the judgment or take action to have it modified or set aside.

### LONG-DISTANCE TELEPHONE CALLS

(Amending notice on p. 57 of Service and Regulatory Announcements for May 1936)

Effective immediately, a certificate (Form AD-102) will be required for each long distance telephone call even though the charge is less than 50 cents.

Department Regulation 1674 as amended by amendment 91, dated May 25, 1939, covers long distance telephone calls.

### NEW FILM STRIP ON TUBERCULOSIS AVAILABLE

"Eradicating Tuberculosis from Livestock and Poultry" is the title of a new film strip just released by the Department. It illustrates ways in which tuberculosis may attack livestock, and practical methods for its prevention.

While the United States is now practically free of tuberculosis of cattle, the new strip is intended to help preserve this desirable condition and also to create interest in eradicating the disease from swine and poultry. The film was prepared, co-operatively, by the Bureau of Animal Industry and the Extension Service.

### NEW PUBLICATIONS OF THE BUREAU

[The Bureau keeps no mailing list for sending publications to individual employees, but sends copies to officers in charge of stations and offices. These publications should be regarded as notification copies. So far as possible additional copies will be furnished on request.]

Farmers' Bulletin 1652 (revised). Diseases and Parasites of Poultry. By John S. Buckley, Hubert Bunyea, and Eloise B. Cram, Zoological Division. Pp. 68, figs. 29.

Technical Bulletin 679. Studies on the Development of the Pigeon Capillariid, *Capillaria columbae*. By Everett E. Wehr, Zoological Division. Pp. 20, figs. 3.

Amendment 5 to B. A. I. Order 366, Order to Prevent the Introduction into the United States of Rinderpest and Foot-and-Mouth Disease. Effective June 1, 1939. P. 1, mimeographed.

B. A. I. Order 370. Order to Prevent the Introduction into the United States of Rinderpest and Foot-and-Mouth Disease. Effective June 16, 1939. Pp. 3.

Amendment 1 to B. A. I. Order 370, to prevent the introduction into the United States of rinderpest and foot-and-mouth disease. Effective June 16, 1939. P. 1, mimeographed.

Amendment 32 to Declaration 12 of B. A. I. Order 309. Declaring Names of Counties Placed in Modified Tuberculosis-Free Accredited Areas. Effective June 1, 1939. Pp. 3, mimeographed.

### AMENDMENTS TO DEPARTMENT REGULATIONS

The following amendments to the regulations of the Department have been issued:

Amendment 91, covering regulation 1674.

In addition, the following supplementary document has been sent to inspectors and others in charge of field stations:

Budget and Finance Circular No. 116, "Payments for Telephone Services and Commodities for Services the Quantity of Which is Determined by Metered Readings," which supplements regulations 3131, 3182, and 3349.

## ORGANIZATION OF THE BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY

*Chief:* JOHN R. MOHLER.

*Assistant Chief:* A. W. MILLER.

*Assistant Chief:* HARRY W. SCHOENING.

*Assistant Chief:* PAUL E. HOWE.

*Business Manager:* J. R. COHRAN.

*Assistant Business Manager:* N. A. OLMSTEAD.

*Assistant to Chief:* D. S. BURCH.

*Animal Husbandry Division:* HUGH C. MCPHEE, Chief.

*Animal Nutrition Division:* PAUL E. HOWE, Chief.

*Biochemic Division:* ROBERT M. CHAPIN, Chief.

*Division of Tick Eradication and Special Diseases:* W. M. MacKELLAR, Chief.

*Division of Virus-Serum Control:* D. I. SKIDMORE, Chief.

*Field Inspection Division:* S. O. FLADNESS, Chief.

*Interstate Inspection Division:* A. W. MILLER, Chief.

*Meat Inspection Division:* E. C. JOSS, Chief.

*Pathological Division:* HARRY W. SCHOENING, Chief.

*Tuberculosis Eradication Division:* A. E. WIGHT, Chief.

*Zoological Division:* BENJAMIN SCHWARTZ, Chief.

*Animal Disease Station:* ADOLPH EICHORN, Director.



